1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
2	DISTRICT OF OREGON							
3	THE HON. MICHAEL J. McSHANE, JUDGE PRESIDING							
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6	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)							
7	Government,)							
8	v.) No. 6:14-cr-00482-MC-1							
9	DANIEL STEPHEN JOHNSON,)							
10	Defendant.)							
11	·/							
12								
13	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS							
14	EUGENE, OREGON							
15	TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 2018							
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PROCEEDINGS

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 2018

THE CLERK: United States District Court for the District of Oregon is now in session, the Honorable Michael J. McShane presiding.

Now is the time set for Criminal Case 14-00482, United States of America versus Daniel Stephen Johnson, pretrial conference.

THE COURT: All right. Thanks, folks. I apologize, once again, for having to listen to me under these circumstances, but if you can't hear me, please ask me to repeat myself.

We left off yesterday talking about instructions on Counts 1 through 6, and I have sent both sides proposed instructions.

Let me start with the government, maybe your thoughts on combining the attempt with the completed offense in Counts 1 through 6.

MS. BRITSCH: Good morning, Your Honor. I think the government agrees that that is a fine way to approach combining both the completed offense and attempted offense, and we agree with the court's instructions on that point.

THE COURT: The attempt on Count 8, that seems very confusing to me.

MS. BRITSCH: Yes, Your Honor. We apologize for

09:24:40 the confusion. I think the government initially indicted 1 2 that way. 3 The court may recall there was some ambiguity in 4 the model jury instructions for the Ninth Circuit on the elements of that offense. The court has already addressed 5 6 that in a prior order on our motion. So now that that issue 7 is clarified, we don't intend to proceed on the attempt theory. 8 9 We think the attempt theory is sometimes used in cases where, for example, somebody has the intent to abuse a 10 11 child, perhaps shows up at the airport, and is stopped 12 before he gets on the plane. But obviously that's not the 13 scenario we have here, so we agree with the court that the attempt instruction isn't necessary and is not applicable 14 15 here. We apologize for any resulting confusion. 16

THE COURT: All right. Thanks.

All right. For the defense.

MR. WEINERMAN: Well, Judge, that's our problem with the instruction, obviously.

> THE COURT: I know.

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MR. WEINERMAN: Our problem is that we still feel it's deficient in not requiring the mens rea that we have asserted that it should.

So, you know, I understand the court's ruling, but I just want to make sure our record is clear that we do

09:25:44

believe that there should be an instruction as to the mens rea that -- and preferably that Mr. Johnson traveled with the intent or the dominant primary purpose of engaging in an illicit sexual act.

Now the court, if I understand the court correctly, is not going to instruct the jury in the actual instructions on Counts 1 through 6 regarding the commercial sex act aspect. You know, the -- the statute has two ways. Most of the courts, including the Ninth Circuit, have upheld the commercial sex act prong. But there are some courts that have not upheld the other, noncommercial prong, if I could use that term.

So we would prefer that the judge -- that you, I am sorry, instruct the jury that the offense -- in the instructions that they have to find that the offense involved commerce in order for them to convict.

I know the court is apparently going to put something in the verdict form about that, but we think the jury should be instructed that -- in fact, we submitted a proposed instruction, and I am recalling it requires that the government prove that there was money or gifts or other property exchanged for illicit sexual conduct. So we think that would be a good way of instructing the jury as to the commerce sex offense prong of the statute.

THE COURT: All right. And you may be well

09:27:21

correct in your assessment of what the law is. I know there's a lot of splits among the circuits in whether the statute can survive without a commercial sex act.

My feeling, I think I expressed it in the e-mail last night, is that what Congress is trying to do is stop the market for child sex in foreign commerce in another country, and that, in and of itself, is enough for it to survive a challenge.

So we will instruct on commercial activity and then add the interrogatory. And if they unanimously agree to that, the case would fall under the *Clark* case in any event. If they don't, you know, you have preserved your issue that they needed more.

MR. WEINERMAN: So the court is not going to tell the jury they have to unanimously agree on the same theory of 2423(c) liability, either commercial or noncommercial. They are just not going to be instructed at all about that, but there will be a question or interrogatory of some sort in the verdict form?

THE COURT: Yes. I mean, I will give them an instruction on what commercial activity is or a commercial sex act, I think is what we would describe.

MR. WEINERMAN: Right.

THE COURT: In terms of the unanimity, we may want

to --

09:28:57

(Reporter interrupted.)

THE COURT: Unanimity, we are going to have to figure out how to capture that in the verdict form.

All right. With regard to, I think,

Mr. Weinerman, you wanted some time to talk to your client
about your defenses in light of my preliminary rulings on
the evidence.

So where are we with that?

MR. WEINERMAN: Judge, where we are, and we do have a question -- first of all, we appreciate very much the time and the thought put into the preliminary rulings. And we have taken them to heart, and we are not going to pursue the defense that -- my understanding is the court would be more inclined to let in much of the 404(b) other act evidence if we pursue that defense. So we are not going to allege that -- by calling Detective Harrison and other witnesses that Detective Harrison contaminated, poisoned, tainted witnesses by telling -- telling things, saying things to witnesses that tended to influence their -- their testimony and cause them to be biased against Mr. Johnson. So we are not going to pursue that.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. WEINERMAN: We do have a question, though.

And I know we get into this opening the door. If we are going to do that, we want to make sure we are not going to

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open the door. I always like to say that the Federal Rules of Evidence do not --

(Reporter interrupted.)

MR. WEINERMAN: The Federal Rules of Evidence do not have a provision calling for the concept of opening the door, but I know it's something that is commonly relied upon by judges to make evidentiary rulings, so I know we have to deal with the opening-the-door theory.

So we don't want to open the door. But we do, if the court will permit us, have some just general questions to make sure that we don't open the door and have the court change its preliminary ruling not to allow much of the 404 other act evidence.

THE COURT: Right. So if you are not going to pursue that defense, my thought is nothing about -- nothing that occurred in the United States in Yamhill or Lincoln County would come into evidence, including the testimony of the two Jaeger brothers.

I understand that there's an alternative theory that their testimony should come in under 413 or 414, but balancing the limiting factors, those acts seem distant in They date back to 1992. In two of the acts time. Mr. Johnson himself was a minor. In the one act in which he was a young adult --

(Reporter interrupted.)

09:31:54

24 THE COURT: In the one act in which Mr. Johnson was a young adult and was alleged to have abused Kevin Jaeger, it involved drinking and sexual contact.

So because they are distant in time and not similar in nature, my fear is that the jury will give undue weight to those acts in determining what occurred in the charges before us.

So because of that distance in time and dissimilarity in 403 weighing factors -- as I weigh those factors under 403, I think the prejudicial effect outweighs the probative value.

The government has other evidence to corroborate the child molestation that occurred in the counts alleged. That other evidence, though, of course, is other acts of sexual abuse against the same victims listed in the indictment and other children in the Hope Transitions during that same period of time. Under LeMay, that would come in under 413 or 414 because they are similar in nature; close in time.

The statements -- or the government is also introducing that evidence for other counts in which they have to prove his purpose for travel, which would be -- which isn't specific to any one of the child victims.

So the abuse that occurred, the other acts that occurred in Cambodia would come in. The acts that occurred

09:33:55 in the United States would not. The only reference, then, 1 to what occurred in the United States would be that he had a 2 3 warrant for his arrest, but we would not go into what the 4 nature of that warrant was. 5 So does that answer the majority of your 6 questions? 7 MR. WEINERMAN: Yes, that does answer the question. 8 9 I actually have two clarifications that we are seeking. 10 11 The images that we have been, you know, debating since the motion hearings, the overridden images, what --12 13 since we are not going to be presenting the defense that we said in our trial memo, what's the court's ruling on that? 14 THE COURT: Well, again, a lot of it depends on 15 16 what kind of -- if and what kind of character evidence you 17 may be presenting at trial. If you have people taking the stand to say that he's always sexually appropriate around 18 19 children, I think you are going to be hammered with every 20 one of those photographs. MR. WEINERMAN: We don't intend to do that, Judge. 21 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 MR. WEINERMAN: The only evidence we are bringing 24 in relates to what his purpose was and what his intent was 25 in going to Cambodia, which I think we have laid out in the

09:35:14 trial memo. It has nothing to do with being sexually 1 2 appropriate with children but, you know, what he did, 3 charitable work and that sort of thing. So --4 THE COURT: All right. Then my thought is, is 5 that there is one photograph that at least appears to 6 corroborate the testimony of one of the victims. 7 Mr. Johnson took a photo of him on the iPhone during a period in which they were having anal sex. The fact that 8 there is a similar photograph on the iPhone I think 9 corroborates that testimony, and I would allow in that 10 11 single image at this time. MR. WEINERMAN: And Judge, before -- would the 12 13 court -- one of the things I did ask is when we were here on the motion to suppress we did not have the photos in front 14 15 of us. So -- and counsel brought them to court yesterday. 16 And I know we are just dealing with one photo, but we would 17 like to take a look at that photo and see if there's any arguments that we can make that it doesn't depict what 18 19 everybody seems to think it does and that it's overridden to 20 such an extent that it shouldn't come in. 21 So we would really like to have that photo in 22 front of us when we are making those arguments. 23 THE COURT: All right. MR. SWEET: Your Honor, we have a notebook for the 24

defense as well. So we can -- when we have that argument,

09:36:37 we'll bring that back up, along with the other images. 1 THE COURT: Okay. And you can reraise that issue 2 3 if we need to look at it further. 4 MR. WEINERMAN: All right. It's simple. It's 5 down to one photo now, so we can, you know, make whatever 6 arguments because it's been a while. I have seen them 7 twice, once in a large version and once it was just a thumbnail, which wasn't really of good quality. So we would 8 9 like to take another look at it. 10 THE COURT: All right. 11 MR. SWEET: Your Honor, it's available at any time if Mr. Weinerman or Ms. Hay wants to come -- excuse me --12 13 Ms. Maxfield wants to come and see them. MR. WEINERMAN: And I appreciate that, but I would 14 15 prefer having it in court while we are in session outside 16 the presence of the jury so we can make our record. 17 MR. SWEET: Sure. And, of course -- I am sorry. I didn't mean to 18 19 make those exclusive. We'll bring that to court as well. 20 The only other question I had, Your Honor, on that is the court in its preliminary opinion said if a defense 21 22 expert testifies that Mr. Johnson's behavior was culturally 23 appropriate, then they could be impeached. And I think would it also depend on what 24

Mr. Roloff said, if anything, in terms of what the other

photos as well.

09:37:41

Would that fall under what the court was talking about, depending on -- so that that could also result in the photos being admitted?

THE COURT: Right. I mean, I can imagine a lot of ways this case could go where those photos are going to become relevant. And I think I listed in the preliminary order, you know, certain kinds of character evidence:

Reputation for appropriateness around children, lack of interest in the male children, culturally appropriate behavior around children.

And that's why I want to take a wait-and-see to see if that evidence in fact does open the door. I know it's not a term that the defense likes, but evidence is always changing. We don't always know exactly how the defense witnesses are going to specifically testify. But I can see many ways in which the photos would come into evidence, just depending on how it's presented.

MR. SWEET: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. WEINERMAN: And the government has our -- we have a cultural expert, and the main areas that we think are relevant -- a lot of the witnesses that the government is going to call, people who are affiliated with churches who were funding Hope Transitions Center, they are going to testify, it is my understanding, that they deemed some of

09:39:05 the things they saw to be inappropriate; specifically, kids 1 giving adults massages and people sharing beds. And in 2 3 Cambodia that's not unusual. That's what our cultural 4 expert says, that children commonly give adults massages; 5 that it's culturally appropriate. 6 So that is the type of testimony we would be bringing in. Certainly, if that is going to change the 7 8 court's ruling on the admissibility of all of the images or 9 even one, then we certainly would like to know that. I know the court maybe needs to hear the testimony first, but maybe 10 11 we could go outside the presence of the jury on that one 12 aspect. 13 THE COURT: Well, if you keep it very general --14 MR. WEINERMAN: Okay. 15 THE COURT: -- you are probably in safe territory, 16 but the minute you want your expert to draw a conclusion 17 that your client's specific behavior was culturally appropriate --18 19 MR. WEINERMAN: Right. THE COURT: -- I think that's going to open the 20 door to questions: Would you still think this is culturally 21 22 appropriate if you knew he had these pictures on his phone? 23 MR. WEINERMAN: Okay. 24 THE COURT: The answer obviously is going to be, 25 "God, no."

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                        So it's how you -- you are going to have to limit
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              it to a very general cultural experience.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: All right. Thank you.
                        THE COURT: Okay. Other things we need to talk
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              about by way of evidence?
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                        MR. SINHA: No, Your Honor.
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                        THE COURT:
                                    Okay.
                        MR. SWEET: And I am sorry, Your Honor. Was that
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               just regarding the evidence or was that a more open
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              question?
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                        THE COURT: I guess it was specific to the motions
              in limine on evidence.
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                        Is there any on other things?
                        MR. WEINERMAN: Yeah, I do think we have some.
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                        Yes. And this is in no particular order.
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                        It -- I am -- there are named victims in Counts 1
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              through 6. The government seems to be taking the position
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              that they don't have to name a victim in Counts 7 and 8. We
              find that troubling.
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                        I don't know how a jury can be instructed whether
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              Mr. Johnson is guilty or not guilty when the government
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              doesn't name a specific victim, and that's what they seem to
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              be doing in Count 7.
                        I am not sure if it's the entire universe of kids
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              in Cambodia that they say were the subject of his traveling
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with the purpose and intent of committing an illicit sexual act or a specific individual, but it creates a lot of problems. It's vague, and it doesn't require a jury to unanimously agree who the victim was.

So it seems to me that statute, 2423(b), requires the government to name a victim. And if they are not going to name a victim, then the jury has to be given some guidance, including they have to unanimously agree or else the count is duplicitous. It, in one count, alleges multiple offenses. And in this instance, "multiple" meaning in the -- perhaps the dozens. And I don't see how we can go forward without a victim being named on that count.

And then on Count 8, I always thought that the named victim was going to be LS XXXXX, but there may be one other person, VS XXXXXXXXXXXXX, I believe, who may have been under 12 at the time. It's not clear to me.

But I think the government needs to elect on both those counts a specific victim or else the counts shouldn't go forward.

MR. SINHA: So, Your Honor, the -- you know, we don't -- we don't choose a specific victim on charges under 2423(b) And sometimes under charges 24 -- or 2241(c). And the reason is that the action in the crime doesn't involve a specific victim. It's just traveling across an international boundary from the United States with regards

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to 2423(b) or traveling across a state line, you know, both with the requisite intent.

And so one can imagine and there are in fact cases where we are charging someone with the charge contained in Count 7 who has outwardly evinced the intent to travel abroad to have sex with children. But since he hasn't arrived yet, he doesn't know which specific children he wants to have sex with. So we wouldn't be able to name a victim because we would have no idea.

It would be, on some level, analogous to saying that someone is possessing drugs with the intent to distribute them. We don't have to show who specifically they wanted to distribute them to. It's the intent, and then the action in the instance is the travel.

So I think the court addressed this in its bill of particulars ruling, and I think that's consistent with the law with regard to the level of specificity that the government has to show.

I do agree with Mr. Weinerman that there is a concern with regards to Count 7 and 8 that may implicate duplicity.

And so there -- again, the action in these counts is the travel. And so what we would suggest to the court and to counsel, respectfully, is that we'll submit a special unanimity instruction for those counts that allows the jury

09:44:31 or that instructs the jury to agree unanimously on a 1 specific trip. They don't need to agree on a specific 2 3 victim because that's not an element of the crime, but they 4 do need to agree on a specific trip for each count. 5 So that would be our suggestion. 6 THE COURT: All right. I agree with the 7 government that they are not required to name a specific 8 victim in Count 7 and 8. The statutes that cover those two 9 counts are really inchoate crimes punishing a substantial 10 step towards the commission of the act. 11 The only thing that the government has to prove is they traveled either across state lines or traveled to a 12 13 foreign country with a specific intent to engage in sexual 14 acts with minors but not with a specific minor. It's just 15 not what Congress intended. 16 MR. WEINERMAN: Well, how does the court feel 17 about the unanimity instruction, then? 18 I mean, we --19 THE COURT: That's fine on a single trip, yeah. 20 MR. WEINERMAN: Single trip. So the court -- it's fine on both counts. 21 22 government does not have to specify -- the jury does not have to unanimously agree as to which particular victim, 23 24 only a particular trip.

THE COURT: Correct.

09:45:56 All right. Other things from the defense? 1 We have an objection to a 2 MR. WEINERMAN: Yes. 3 couple of the government's voir dire questions. Let me find 4 it and I will -- whenever the court is ready, I 5 can (indicating) --6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. WEINERMAN: So it would be on Page 2, Question 8 6 or 7, which seemed to be -- to have the same objection 9 that the government made. And the court's concerned about 10 conditioning jurors as to the credibility of a particular 11 witness. 6 seems to talk in terms of conditioning the jurors about children telling the truth about important 12 13 matters. And No. 7, it almost presupposes that their 14 witnesses who are minors have experienced trauma and they 15 behave in a certain way. 16 So it just seems like these are more like the conditional questions that the court has ruled the defense 17 18 shouldn't be permitted to ask, and the government shouldn't 19 be able to ask similar conditional questions either. 20 THE COURT: I think you can ask them about any 21 experiences they have but not about expectations with regard 22 to trauma. I don't think Question 6 goes towards the 23 qualifications or bias of jurors. So I will strike 6 and 7. 24

MR. SWEET: Your Honor, may I follow up with one

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              question?
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                        THE COURT: Yeah.
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                        MR. SWEET: I believe yesterday when we covered
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              the defense questions, there are 55.
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                        THE COURT: Right. There's one I needed to get
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              back to.
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                        MR. SWEET: That's on page 8.
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                        And that question is, "Do you believe that
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              witnesses who are teenagers or young adults would never
              lie?" I don't believe I have that one marked as being
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              struck by the court.
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                        THE COURT: I can strike that one.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: Which number was that, counsel?
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                        MR. SWEET: 55 on Page 8.
                            (Court conferred with law clerk.)
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                        THE CLERK: I think that was yesterday we talked
              about -- I think you asked to strike 48 yesterday.
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                        MR. SWEET: That's correct. I did not ask to
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              strike 55 yesterday. And I do think it is fairly similar to
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              the government's question 6.
                        THE COURT: It is. I did want to clarify.
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                        MS. MAXFIELD: Your Honor, can I jump in here and
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              just ask a question since I think I will be doing the voir
              dire.
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                        I imagine that this is going to be sort of a
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              hybrid between federal court and state court, but typically
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              I wouldn't just read questions off a sheet because the jury
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              will be comatose.
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                        THE COURT: Right.
                                        In fact, if that's going to happen,
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                        MS. MAXFIELD:
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              I would ask the court to read the questions off the sheet
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              and not us.
                         I am wondering if we'll have a little bit of -- as
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              long as we are within the subject matter and we know where
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              the lines are --
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                        THE COURT: Yes.
                        MS. MAXFIELD: -- if there is some freedom in how
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              we approach this and maybe follow-ups from the
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              questionnaire.
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                        THE COURT: Right. I don't want it to be a C-span
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              congressional kind of thing. I expect you to move around
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              and have a conversation within the confines of these
              questions.
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                        You will have the questionnaires. So the idea is
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              we'll bring in -- rather than -- I think it's too much to
              talk to all 50 people in different parts of the courtroom
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              with the public sitting among them.
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                        So we'll bring in groups of -- how many did I say?
                        MR. SWEET: 16, Your Honor.
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                        THE COURT: 16 we can fit easy.
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You are going to have a conversational series of 1 questions with them. You may have individual questions 2 3 based on their questionnaires. If some of them say, "I 4 don't really want to talk about that in front of the people," when we are done with the group questioning we'll 5 6 send them to the jury room and bring them out individually 7 if we need to. 8 MS. MAXFIELD: Okay. 9 THE COURT: But, yeah, I am not expecting you just to read questions to each of them individually. Make it 10 11 conversational. Have them raise their hands and talk. So very much more like state court, I think. Other than when 12 13 they come in, me reintroducing you and asking them just to 14 state their names, where they are from, that's about my 15 involvement. 16 MR. WEINERMAN: So we have some other --THE COURT: And I did want to clarify. I did mean 17 to strike question 48 on Page 7. I don't think I actually 18 19 got to that yesterday. I had meant to earlier. 20 MR. WEINERMAN: Question 48 on the defense 21 proposed? 22 THE COURT: Yeah. Yes. 23 MR. WEINERMAN: All right. 24 So we do have some other issues we'd like to bring 25 up.

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So getting back to what opens up the door and what doesn't open up the door, we have represented, and I think it -- and it's true that Detective Harrison told Karla Comstock that Mr. Johnson had sexually abused the Lincoln County alleged victims.

Okay. I am going to say it this way: Detective Harrison told Karla Comstock that the FBI had discovered that in the summer of 2013 Mr. Johnson flew to the United States with three boys and then wired money to Hope Transitions Center, and that influenced the testimony of the person that she told that to, which I believe was eventually BT XXXXXXX.

So without getting into the specifics, the question we have, are we opening up the door if we question the church witness regarding what he or she told Cambodian kids about Mr. Johnson?

So, again, there are these things out there that Mr. Johnson brought kids over and the kids are unaccounted for, that he sexually abused kids in the United States, and there's some other things that he said.

So the question is we are not -- we don't even have to ask the question in terms of what Detective Harrison told the person, but if a witness like Karla Comstock, who is a supporter of the Hope Transitions Center and sponsored many -- some of the kids there and helped, whether we would

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she told such things to any of the witnesses. MR. SWEET: Your Honor, the -- I think it's

be permitted without opening up the door to ask her whether

interesting because at some point the defense could essentially, without saying this is our defense, through a series of questions to witnesses, basically back into the same position without saying our defense is Detective Harrison tainted all these witnesses.

But by the same token, I do understand why they would want to ask Karla Comstock and a few others, potentially, "When you were being interviewed and you were told this information, did that change what you said or did that affect information you provided?"

And so I do think it's a little bit of a tricky question just because there is probably a point to which it is -- it is appropriate that they be able to ask Ms. Comstock, "Was what you provided, the information provided, influenced by questions you were asked or the information you were given?"

I think it is difficult until we sort of hear it to actually know how repetitive it is, how it's done and how it's presented. And so I think it might have to be something that the court would decide on at that point.

THE COURT: So is the testimony that Ms. Comstock would say that she told the boys in Cambodia that

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Mr. Johnson had done things against other boys in the United States?

MR. WEINERMAN: Well, the main thing that -- well, not the main thing, but one of many things that she was told is that in the summer of 2013, Mr. Johnson flew to the United States with three boys, I already told the court, and then wired money back to Hope Transitions Center, a significant amount of money, and then told her that the three -- and then told the witnesses, some of the Cambodian witnesses -- BT XXXXXXXX, for example, and other witnesses that the government is going to call that the kids are unaccounted for, suggesting that they were actually purchased off the streets of Cambodia.

So basically, without using the words "sex slavery," suggesting that kids were basically taken off the streets in Cambodia, flown to the United States, and they are unaccounted for.

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his last name.
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               THE COURT: Okay. So she is not talking about
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     events that occurred in Yamhill County or Lincoln County.
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     She is talking about a suggestion that --
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               MR. WEINERMAN:
                               Right.
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               THE COURT: -- Mr. Johnson is taking kids into I
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     guess what would be the sex slave industry and done
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     something with them in the United States.
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               I think you can go into that. I am not sure what
     door it would open to -- I mean, they can ask her where she
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     got that information from, I suppose --
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               MR. SWEET: And, Your Honor, I --
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               THE COURT: -- and whether she believed it at the
     time, but.
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               MR. SWEET: I apologize. I didn't know if you
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     were done.
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               THE COURT: No. Go ahead.
               MR. SWEET: I believe Detective Harrison, when he
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     did interview at least Karla Comstock and potentially others
     would ask a question about this kind of information or maybe
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     even make a statement. And so -- and I think some of those
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     statements, I think the defense is correct, and I don't know
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     who it was passed on to, but some of that information would
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     kind of get through or be relayed on to other people.
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               So I don't think the government's position is that
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09:57:00 every question that they ask a witness such as Karla 1 2 Comstock in terms of were you told this, did that influence 3 you --4 THE COURT: Sure. MR. SWEET: -- did that impact what you said, I 5 6 don't think our position would be that any question like 7 that would open the door. But I do think if there was at some point -- at 8 9 some point they could essentially cross a line that would become Detective Harrison did it, as the defense, being sort 10 11 of it's resurrected. MR. WEINERMAN: I think if we were going to get 12 13 into that we would scrupulously avoid identifying the source 14 as Detective Harrison. 15 THE COURT: All right. I think you can ask generally what you have just described without opening any 16 17 great doors. MR. WEINERMAN: Can I just check my notes here, 18 19 Judge, to see if there was anything else? 20 I am not suggesting that we do this now, but I think probably both sides have some objections to exhibits. 21 22 And I don't know if the court is willing to maybe hear those 23 on Friday while the jury is filling out the questionnaire 24 because we have to make some -- we have to file an amended

exhibit list because we are going to withdraw some of our

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09:58:09
              exhibits. I don't know if we really need to do that now,
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              but obviously the court decides that.
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                        THE COURT: Well, why don't you folks confer.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN:
                                        Yes.
                        THE COURT: I know that after the jury orientation
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          6
              there is a presentation in here for high school students
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              that will go probably through lunch. But I can certainly
              spend some time, probably Friday afternoon, going through
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          9
              exhibits if you need some rulings on them pretrial.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN:
                                         Yes.
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                        THE COURT: Okay.
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                        MR. SWEET: We appreciate that, Your Honor.
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              that would allow us to use exhibits in opening.
                        If counsel doesn't have anything -- do you have
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         15
              anything else, Mr. Weinerman?
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: One moment.
                        I think that's it for now.
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                        MR. SWEET: Your Honor, I have two things.
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                        One, the defense and the government have discussed
              switching sides during trial, and we wanted to seek the
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              court's permission for that. The marshals were fine with
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              that. We discussed that with Mike Bryant and said that
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              basically we would sit there and they would sit over here,
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              if that's acceptable to the court.
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                        THE COURT: Any objection?
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09:59:23 MS. MAXFIELD: Your Honor, we would like to test 1 drive because I don't think we are going to be able to see 2 3 the witnesses from over there, and our client certainly 4 wouldn't be able to. So maybe at the break we could try it 5 out. 6 THE COURT: Okay. I think the concern, I assume, 7 is that you are afraid your alleged victims are in too close a proximity to Mr. Johnson when they walk up to the witness 8 9 stand. 10 MR. SWEET: Walk up, yeah, Your Honor, and even 11 just testifying they would be basically in the direct line 12 of sight. I mean, they would be basically looking at 13 Mr. Johnson, and so--14 MS. BRITSCH: And for the same reason Ms. Maxwell 15 is concerned about sitting here, that if we are sitting here questioning, for example, one of the children --16 17 MS. MAXFIELD: They already did a test drive. MS. BRITSCH: -- we may not be able to -- the 18 child may not be able to see us sufficiently. 19 20 THE COURT: Well, I don't have any rules about you having to sit at counsel table. 21 22 MS. BRITSCH: Okay. 23 THE COURT: So I would expect that both sides, when the children are testifying, especially if they are 24

particularly shy or quiet, that you not question them from

10:00:25

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this far away and that you get up.

So I guess my preference would be that you switch just because there's not a way to bring people around this way.

And, Mr. Johnson, I am not suggesting that -anything by this other than we are dealing with children who
believe certain things, whether they are correct or not, and
they have they may have an emotional response to you, and
I'd like to limit that as much as possible. So one way of
doing that would be to switch tables.

And if we need to get taller chairs on the witness stand, we can do that. But I am expecting that as attorneys you will move about and move closer. I mean, don't move so close that they are intimidated but close enough where it's conversational with them.

MR. SWEET: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. WEINERMAN: I think we have something else we want to talk to the court about.

MS. MAXFIELD: Your Honor, I want to address two issues from the court's ruling. The first is with respect to Dr. Goodman.

And the court is correct. We are not quarreling with her credentials at all, but we are quarreling with whether the science that she relies upon matches up with the facts in this case because I think that everything -- every

10:01:47 study that she cites, and I think really almost all the 1 studies that exist, study western cultures and really have 2 3 nothing to do with a Southeast Asian culture or Cambodian 4 culture in particular. And we believe that the science is so mismatched 5 6 that there should be a Daubert hearing in which we can sort 7 out with Dr. Goodman why it is she thinks that she can take the science that she has relied upon and apply it to this 8 9 culture. The court's ruling didn't address that, and we 10 11 think it's one of the more important arguments that we made. 12 THE COURT: All right. 13 MR. SINHA: Your Honor, I think -- you know, I don't know if it is as apparent from her CV. I think 14 15 Dr. Goodman is frankly among the world's foremost experts on 16 this area. She has read and studied a great number of -- I mean, she has written, I think, over 200 articles on 17 subjects related to this. 18 19 THE COURT: Right. MR. SINHA: And in the course of that and winning 20

You know, Daubert doesn't require a perfect knowledge of a subject area. And insofar -- you know, it doesn't require that the exact thing that she is opining on,

a series of national and international awards has read the

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literature that exists.

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which in this instance is going to be obviously not case specific, it's going to be general, general things that occur with regards to sex abuse, you know, as noticed in her expert notice.

So she is not going to be talking about these victims. She is obviously not going to be talking about the defendant.

Insofar as they think there's a dissimilarity or some tension between the research that's been conducted pretty much across the world on these subjects and what would happen with Cambodian victims, they perhaps can cross-examine her on that, but I don't think it's a reason for a Daubert hearing. I don't think it's anything that would undermine the court's Daubert ruling.

THE COURT: I guess I would hate to get to cross-examination after she testifies only to find out her saying, "I don't know if any of this would apply to the cultural situation in Cambodia."

MR. SINHA: Sure.

THE COURT: So I think it's probably worth our time, before she testifies, for you to ask her at least some questions about the applicability of her understanding of the science and child sex abuse in general to Cambodian culture. And if she could answer that there are some universal generalities that could be made about child sex

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abuse in any country or that she is aware of the cultural issues in Cambodia and similar foreign countries to be able to apply this kind of general knowledge and skill that she has, then I allow it in. If she says, "I have no idea if it applies to Southeast Asian culture," then there would be some, obviously, difficulties having her testify. So why don't we handle that right before she testifies.

MS. MAXFIELD: There's one other issue with respect to Goodman, and that has to do with the horror stories that she told in the Chivoski trial.

(Reporter interrupted.)

MS. MAXFIELD: Pardon me?

The horror stories that she told in the Chivoski trial.

And we laid out one of the horror stories that had us concerned. We certainly wouldn't want that to be repeated in our case, where she takes -- she just kind of goes on paragraph after paragraph after paragraph describing a pretty chilling set of factual circumstances that underlie a study that she did that really have nothing to do with the study and nothing to do with our case; instead would just kind of be prejudicial and harmful to our client.

And so we would just like a preemptory ruling where the government warns the witness, because she loves these stories, that she is not allowed to go into a really 10:05:37 1 detail

detailed account that talk about the facts of an unrelated criminal prosecution.

THE COURT: That does seem reasonable that she not go into lengthy facts about unrelated cases but still keep her statements down to assisting the jury in trying to -- by giving them, I guess, her expertise in evaluating certain subjects such as child sex abuse.

But launching into long stories of dramatic abuse on other children, you are probably going to hear me sustain some objections.

MR. SINHA: I will speak to her, Your Honor. Thank you.

MS. MAXFIELD: Okay. The only other issue, Your Honor, that I had for the court has to do with the rape shield notice. And I think the court may have misunderstood a couple of things: Number one, what we are asserting; and number two, how important it is to the case.

With respect to -- the court says that with respect to the conversation that our client had with minor 1, are we allowed to -- when they are adults now, are we allowed to say their names in court? Because it's tough for me to keep track of them.

MR. SWEET: We don't have an issue with that, Your Honor.

MS. MAXFIELD: Okay.

10:06:53 There's a conversation that is alleged to have 1 occurred between our client and BT XXXXXXX, who I believe is 2 3 minor 1. That conversation is very, very specific. It is 4 referenced by BT XXXXX in his 302s, and it occurs a day before BT XXXXX leaves the orphanage. 5 6 And he asserts with the government that there's a 7 conversation with my client in which he confronts Mr. Johnson about sexually abusing children, and then he 8 references a Facebook conversation that he has with my 9 client to support his account of what occurred. 10 11 And, in fact, this is a conversation that occurred orally. Then there's follow-up in the Facebook account, and 12 13 then there's conversation that occurs after that. I want to give the court a copy of the Facebook 14 reference that BT XXXXX has anchored his account of what 15 16 occurred before. And if the court takes a second to read it, you will see that it's ambiguous what was discussed. 17 18 THE COURT: Okay. I guess I am not understanding, 19 though, why you can't cross-examine this particular witness 20 with regard --21 MS. MAXFIELD: I need to get closer to the court. 22 I am sorry. 23 THE COURT: I am sorry.

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I don't understand why you cannot cross-examine

this particular witness by asking him, "Was it your

10:08:50 conversation about punishment of children?" without going 1 2 3 between the boys. 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 occurs. 14 15 16 the center. 17 bringing that out --18 19 MS. MAXFIELD: Pardon? 20 21 22 23 24

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into the fact that there were sexual activity going on MS. MAXFIELD: Well, I think -- if he's going to talk to the court or to the jury about the conversation at all and suggest to the court that my client made an admission of sexually abusing children at the end, we ought to be able to go into the details of what was discussed. There is corroboration in other Facebook entries where BT XXXXX talks about the fact that there had been an issue of older boys forcing sex on younger boys, and he puts that on Mr. Johnson's lap, says it's his fault that that But Mr. Johnson has a very different account of what occurred in that dispute that leads to BT XXXXX leaving THE COURT: Right. But I don't know how your THE COURT: Unless your client testifies, how is it that you are going to get out that account? MS. MAXFIELD: Well, we are not saying that our client's not going to testify, but how -- if I am not allowed to deal with the specifics of what he would say to

contrast what this witness is going to say on

We

10:10:01 cross-examination, how will I get it out -- are we just 1 going to hold BT XXXXX here until the defense case is 2 3 finished and then bring him back up to address those 4 specific issues, including finding the parts from Facebook that would corroborate Mr. Johnson's account? 5 6 What he doesn't say in that Facebook exchange is, 7 "Mr. Johnson, you have sexually abused children." But that's what he tells the FBI that the account is about. 8 are saying that that's not what it's about. 9 10 THE COURT: Right. You can cross him with this. 11 MS. MAXFIELD: I can cross him with this? THE COURT: I don't see why you wouldn't be able 12 13 to cross some of this Facebook account. This doesn't reference -- I thought we were -- maybe I am confused about 14 15 what issue we are raising. I thought you were raising 16 issues around the prior sexual activity between the children 17 in the Hope Transitions Center. MS. MAXFIELD: What we are saying is that the 18 19 conversation that occurred, from Mr. Johnson's perspective, was a battle about whether he was too hard on kids who had 20 been caught touching each other or been accused of touching 21 22 each other and that he had been harsh in a way that BT XXXXX 23 found offensive. That would be the conversation from his 24

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perspective, and it's consistent with this Facebook supposed

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our client.

confrontation that BT XXXXX has with our client.

We shouldn't be handcuffed on cross-examination on the specifics of what they actually said to each other, especially since it all ends with the supposed admission of

THE COURT: I don't see anything in my rulings to prevent you from introducing this document, showing it to the witness.

MS. MAXFIELD: But I can't ask the witness if what Mr. Johnson said or what they -- whether the subject of that conversation had to do with children touching each other sexually? I can't confront him with that?

THE COURT: I think you can limit it to his -that they are unhappy with his discipline of children,
but -- well, what's the government's view of this?

MS. BRITSCH: Your Honor, I think that is our position that the defense is essentially -- you know, that this conversation was about something else, and that something else is the harsh discipline of children. And the reasons underlying that discipline aren't relevant to laying out that cross-examination.

And I think our other issue is right now -- I mean, this is pure speculation. They haven't put any facts into the record, and perhaps they will later, that that in fact, you know, is what this conversation is about. And so

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we don't believe that they can just get up there and cross-examine BT XX without any foundation and say wasn't this conversation about sexual activity that hasn't been established by the facts in the record.

So both for that reason and, you know, the reasons that we have already outlined in our 412 response that the underlying sexual activity or alleged sexual activity of the kids is not admissible and isn't necessary for them to form this line of cross-examination based on the punishment.

MS. MAXFIELD: I think that that would leave us with BT XXXXX being able to provide a detailed account of a conversation, his own detailed account, and us without the ability to probe whether those details are correct and question on cross-examination whether his -- his version of events isn't the truer version.

And it doesn't really matter which kids were sexually acting out with each other, but BT XXXXX is alleging that this was a conversation about his sexual abuse, and he's saying, no, that's not true. It doesn't matter which kids were involved.

THE COURT: Right. But, Ms. Maxfield, you don't get to say, "My client says this is the way the conversation went down."

MS. MAXFIELD: No.

THE COURT: "Do you agree with that?"

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10:13:54
                        MS. MAXFIELD: No.
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                        THE COURT: And ask him to say no.
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                        MS. MAXFIELD: No, but I should be able to ask,
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              did he say this and did you say that and did he say this and
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              did you say that.
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                        THE COURT: Well, I think you can, to a degree,
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              ask all that. You can certainly use this document. It has
              no reference to prior sex acts of the children within Hope
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              Transitions.
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                         It seems to me the focus is on their unhappiness
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              with the discipline that's been -- that Mr. Johnson has
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              doled out because they had broken rules. I don't think it
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              matters what rule we are talking about.
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                         So I will ask that you limit your
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              cross-examination to that.
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                        MS. MAXFIELD: I guess, then, alternatively, I
              would move to exclude BT XXXXX's testimony regarding this
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              conversation.
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                        THE COURT: All right. I will overrule that
              objection.
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                        MS. MAXFIELD: The second conversation has to do
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              with the supposed confrontation by Mr. Sopheak Vanna.
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                        Which way is the -- is it Mr. Sopheak or
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              Mr. Vanna?
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                        MR. SINHA: It's really Vanna.
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10:15:11 MS. MAXFIELD: I'm going to call him Mr. Sopheak 1 2 or Pastor Sopheak. 3 Pastor Sopheak talked to the FBI about a 4 conversation that he had, I believe in November of 2013, after someone, and I am not -- it's not clear to me whether 5 6 it was -- which minor it was that came to him; that he then 7 confronted Mr. Johnson with respect to the accusation. When Sopheak, who does not speak fluent English, 8 9 10 11 12 13 transcript. 14 15 said on the streets in Cambodia. 16 17 18 19 20 says -- okay. 21 22 23

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he is being questioned in English by the FBI, but when he is not being led by the FBI agent to say yes or no and he's actually able to expand on his own -- do we -- I am trying to find that transcript. We have like three versions of a And I actually had a sound guy, who used to be the drummer for Iggy Pop, try to clean up some of what's being And we believe that the government's transcript is incorrect; that when he's finally allowed to tell his own account of what it is he goes to Mr. Johnson with that he So the FBI agent says, "And what did ES XXX, what did he hope that you would be able to tell Daniel?" And we believe that what he says next is, "Because -- because ES XXX -- we had the rule for boys, you know, like to" -- and then we can't understand. And then

10:16:59 "hold," can't understand, "like a boy and a boy, you know, 1 2 like, or playing, "unclear. 3 Then the interpreter says, "Daniel set a rule that 4 boys and boys could not hold each other and could not play 5 with each other, penis and stuff. And that's why I go talk 6 to Daniel." 7 Now, I want to be able to talk to him about this specific statement that he made to the FBI about his purpose 8 in talking to my client. 9 10 THE COURT: So it's my understanding that he is 11 going to testify that he confronted Mr. Johnson about Mr. Johnson's abuse of boys. This is a very different 12 13 conversation. MR. SWEET: Your Honor, Pastor Sopheak actually 14 15 wrote a chat -- had a chat with BT XXXXXXX where he spelled 16 out -- it's Government's Exhibit 194, if I could hand it to 17 the court. He actually spells out the subject of his conversation with Mr. Johnson and what it was about. It's 18 19 194. 20 MS. MAXFIELD: I got that one memorized. MR. SWEET: And we have a longer version of that 21 22 as well, Your Honor, as does the defense. 23 When Pastor Sopheak testifies, obviously we'll

hear what he is going to say. I think the defense will

hear -- thank you -- what he has to say about what he said

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10:18:29 to Mr. Johnson and if potentially there was another 1 conversation as well. 2 3 But I think the conversation as described on this 4 dated Facebook post is explicitly clear, as is what follows 5 it. 6 And so --7 THE COURT: Well, a lot of it depends on how he testifies. If he testifies the conversation with 8 9 Mr. Johnson was a confrontation of Mr. Johnson's activity with the boys, then the statement that you have, 10 11 Ms. Maxfield, does appear to be a prior inconsistent statement if it's the same conversation. 12 13 MS. MAXFIELD: Well, it could be a -- did the court say a prior inconsistent statement? 14 15 THE COURT: Yes. 16 MS. MAXFIELD: Okay. I missed the "in." So it 17 would be appropriate cross-examination. THE COURT: Yes. And then we have prior 18 19 consistent statements that would also be coming in. 20 MR. SWEET: And if I may, just so I am clear what we are talking about, counsel's discussing the transcript 21 22 from the interview of Pastor Sopheak with Dan Garrabrant. 23 Is that what you are going from? MS. MAXFIELD: Yes. Yeah. 24 25 MR. SWEET: Okay.

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10:19:35
                        MS. MAXFIELD: And I can send you the cleaned
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              up -- it's cleaner.
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                        MR. SWEET:
                                    We'd appreciate that. Thank you.
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                        THE COURT:
                                    So, yes, I think that's appropriate.
              I mean, we need to determine what was the essence of a
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              conversation.
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                        MS. MAXFIELD: Thank you, Your Honor.
                        THE COURT: All right.
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                        Go ahead.
                        MR. WEINERMAN: Well, Judge, you gave me some
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              time, so I thought of some more things to bring up.
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                        THE COURT:
                                    Okay.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: I think it's just one more.
                        So this is in regards to the court's ruling on the
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              titles that everybody gets a chance to use. And obviously
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              child abuse and defendant and victim, you know, we
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              understand all that.
                        We remain very concerned, though, about the
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              government -- some of the FBI monikers that I assume the
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              government would bring out when the witness hits the stand.
                        For example, I believe one of the witnesses is
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              going to say he's attached to the Violent Crimes Against
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              Children Section, and another may say that he is attached to
              the Sexual Assault Felony Enforcement, SAFE, Team. It just
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              seems to me that those are extremely not only prejudicial,
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but they tend to vouch for the testimony of alleged victims who come up. You know, they are kids, and why would the FBI, who is a Violent Crimes Against Children Section agent, it just seems to me it's extremely prejudicial and vouches for the testimony of the witnesses and just creates this image of a legitimate government entity that is out there to protect kids all over the world.

And it seems we should not be creating that image and just have jurors listen to testimony without wondering why would they be in these very imposing sections if what they were doing was not correct, right, and such.

So that's our concern --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. WEINERMAN: -- about that.

And just one last thing. The continued attempts of the government to call this child sex tourism, in one of my motions I submitted what the definition is. There is no legal definition. The UN, I believe -- and I am paraphrasing it -- describes it as people going on organized trips where they pay a -- the trip organizer. Then they wind up rendezvousing with kids and paying the kids for sex.

This is not what this case is about, and the government shouldn't be able to label it as such.

THE COURT: I agree that it does not sound like typical child sex tourism. It sounds like allegations of

10:22:25 1 sexual abuse in a foreign country.

2 Can we limit the special

Can we limit the specialized units to having them introduce themselves; then simply asking them, "Do you work with a unit that specializes in child sex abuse?"

And then let -- I think it is important that they be able to testify about their special training and knowledge, but some of these titles do get a bit far-fetched. I mean, we might as well have a unit that says We Only Prosecute Guilty People Unit and have them testify to that.

So let's keep the titles to just a leading question: Do you work in an area, a specialty area of child sex abuse?

MR. SINHA: Okay.

THE COURT: I do think that kind of leads me to one question for the defense. You had one expert who was testifying about things that I was struggling with.

All right. On -- I mean, I didn't understand the importance of age verification techniques, the difficulties and obstacles to an investigation of child sex tourism crimes in Cambodia, recordkeeping regarding public records and vital statistics.

And is any of that an issue in this case that we need an expert?

MR. SINHA: You know, the only one, I think, would

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              be the last one, and that would regard one of the victim's
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              passport.
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                        But real candidly, Your Honor, I think that we are
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              fine with the court's ruling that we'll get into what I
              think is listed as D here and avoid the other three.
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          6
                        And insofar as that issue comes up, we would, with
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              the court's permission, just approach and see if that is
              appropriate at that time.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: So A through D, you are not going
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              to get into?
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                        MR. SINHA: I am sorry. A through C, as in car.
              And then my understanding is the court's ruling is that we
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              can get into D. So that's what we would do.
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                        THE COURT: Anything else from defense?
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                        MR. WEINERMAN:
                                        I don't think so.
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                        Anything else?
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                        MS. MAXFIELD: No.
                        MR. WEINERMAN: No, Judge.
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                        THE COURT: Okay. I thought you had one more
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              thing, and we jumped.
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                        MR. SINHA: The only other thing that I have, Your
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              Honor, is the venue. It's really just the special -- or,
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              rather, just the verdict form. And I think we briefed it on
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              Sunday afternoon, basically saying, you know, the way that
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              Counts 1 through 6 are indicted in the superseding
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indictment is using a venue provision, 3238, for offenses that are committed outside of the district. That's included in the language of those counts in the indictment.

When Mr. Johnson submitted their verdict form, it uses a different venue provision for those six counts. And it's the same provision that applies to Count 7 and 8, but we think it doesn't apply to 1 through 6.

So it's an early point at which to raise it, but, you know, we just feel like we'll have a real problem if we -- if jeopardy attaches and the court asks us to prove venue because it's a provision that we haven't pled in the indictment.

THE COURT: Okay. I am not sure if I understand the issue entirely. Is there no stipulation to venue?

MR. WEINERMAN: No, we are not going to stipulate to venue. I understand the argument, and there are two provisions that govern venue, and they can choose either one. What I am hearing is they have chosen 3238 as the venue provision and not 3237.

So, you know, I submitted the verdict form. I stand by it and submit it.

THE COURT: So what are you asking me to do?

MR. SINHA: I am just asking for a pretrial ruling that the venue provision that we indicted on and that appears in the government's jury verdict form, which is 18

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              U.S.C. 3238, is the one that the court will instruct the
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               jury on.
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                        THE COURT: Yes.
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                        MR. SINHA:
                                    That's all. Thank you.
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                        THE COURT:
                                    Okay.
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                        MR. SWEET: Your Honor, if I may, just one more
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              thing, just to briefly address some discovery matters that
              the defense raised in their trial memo.
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                        The most important to the defense I believe that
              was listed down was access to the A files. The court has
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              granted an order allowing them access to the A files.
                                                                      ICE
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              has that order. The A file of BT XXXXXXX is here for
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              counsel to review, and I have asked them to order for any of
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              the other witnesses that now have A files as well.
                        So -- and I will continue to work with counsel and
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              ICE to make sure that that happens expediently. I believe
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              that's taken care of.
                        There was also a discussion for information
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              regarding benefits or potential benefits that the witnesses
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              are receiving. We are compiling a list of that. And
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              previous reports also will note money was provided for
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              transportation and money was -- you know, meals were
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              purchased.
                        So -- but we will -- again, some of that has been
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              provided, and additional information will be coming to the
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defense regarding that.

to the defense as well.

And to the extent we have other things that are being provided, whether it's backpacks while the victims are here, something -- supplies, we will note that and get that

There was also a question regarding payments to Apple. The government's previously provided the defense with the payments that were made by the FBI to a CHS. I know the defense has that. We'll confirm that there was nothing else separately going to Apple, but I believe that one is addressed.

And we should be shortly receiving additional notes, which the government will provide and discuss that with the defense in terms of what is being provided and what's not being provided so that if they have any issues with that they can raise that with the court.

And, again, additional discovery is going over. However, most of it is either something that has very recently happened or, you know, we just got a batch of transcripts which they had a previous version of -- excuse me -- and this is just, you know, a new and improved version.

So we do continue to work with the defense on discovery.

I don't think there are any outstanding issues

10:28:56

that need to be addressed. However -- and it's been a very professional working relationship regarding that, but there have been a lot of letters and discussions that we have had.

So to the extent that the defense feels like there is anything which they believe they are missing or that they have asked for and haven't received, we would welcome that so that we can resolve that one way or another before we hit Monday.

MR. WEINERMAN: Well, Judge, something that did come up very recently, yesterday, and I made a request to counsel, and that is -- let me just give you a little background.

BT XXXXXXX is minor No. 1, and he has been in the United States since 2013. He was communicating with Mr. Johnson after -- well, before Mr. Johnson was arrested and then for probably six months after he was arrested when Mr. Johnson was awaiting trial in Cambodia. And he was -- BT XXXXXXX was communicating with Mr. Johnson on a Facebook account, which I believe is entitled BT XXXXXXX, right?

MR. WEINTRAUB: And then suddenly in June of 2014, I think he shut down that account and went into a new account called BT'S FACEBOOKX, I believe.

MS. MOSS: Yes.

And we believe there has been a lot of communication between BT XXXXXXXX and the other witnesses in

10:30:15

the case relating possibly to benefits that BT XXXXXXX has received, and witnesses who are going to testify for the government might have been either counseled or suggested that they try to obtain such similar benefits in exchange for their testimony.

The government doesn't have the BT'S FACEBOOKX

Facebook account. They have given us the BT XXXXXXX

Facebook account, but that closed down, I believe in June of 2014.

So we think that any communications between BT XXXXXXX and the other Cambodian witnesses, victims named and unnamed, is potentially relevant on the issue of benefits and such. So we would like to find a way to be able to get that.

I can think of a couple ways. There's certain limits on our ability to subpoena victims. We have to get a court order, I believe.

So what we would like to do is for the government to accept a subpoena for BT XXXXXXXX for that account or, better yet, I think -- although that would be the fastest way because BT XXXXXXXX could, I think, work with Facebook and get that to us or allow us to subpoena Facebook.

And we would limit the subpoena to just chats between BT XXXXXXX and the named victims or the unnamed victims who are the government's other act witnesses. So we

10:31:43

1 w 2 p 3 o 4 w 5 p 6 a 7 U

would limit it. We are not interested in intruding on his privacy, but we would limit it to that and, I suppose, the other government witnesses, the so-called church witnesses who communicated quite heavily with BT XXXXXXXX in that period of December 2013 to June 2014 about BT XXXXXXXX's attempt to get a visa, extend visas, be able to stay in the United States. So we think that's all very relevant, and we would like to be able to get those chats from his BT'S FACEBOOKX Facebook account.

So we are willing to do it the fastest way, the easiest way, and the best way. But we think we should be able to get that information.

MR. SWEET: Your Honor, the government would like Mr. Johnson's Facebook communications with his brother or e-mail communications with his brother that we don't have, and those would also be very relevant. But absent doing a search warrant for them, we can't get them.

And so we asked BT XXXXXXX, back in the beginning, for his Facebook messages. He gave us his Facebook account, and we provided that to the defense, both his communications with Mr. Johnson, and I think we pretty much just took his account, dumped it, and provided that to the defense.

He is a victim. They don't have a right to just subpoena any information they want from a victim. If there are public postings by BT XXXXX, they are obviously welcome

10:33:09 to see those, or if people on the other end want to show 1 them those, that's fine as well. 2 3 And they can certainly ask BT XXXXX any questions 4 they want when he testifies as to benefits he's receiving or other related information. But to just subpoena a witness 5 6 for his private Facebook account is something that we can't 7 just subpoena. I mean, we don't get Facebook through a 8 subpoena. We get it through a search warrant. So we 9 strongly oppose that, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Is there anything -- is there anything 11 preventing the defense legally from serving him with a 12 subpoena duces tecum to bring in a copy of his Facebook 13 account? 14 MR. SINHA: Let me have a look. 15 MR. SWEET: Could we have just a moment on that, 16 Your Honor? 17 THE COURT: Yes. So just off the bat, Your Honor, I 18 MR. SINHA: 19 think there's a couple things. I am sorry. 20 MR. WEINERMAN: Nothing. I am sorry. MR. SINHA: Off the bat, I think there's a couple 21 22 things. 23 There's special protections within Rule 17 about subpoenaing records from child victims, and those are 24

incorporating the victims' rights codified in 31 -- 3771.

10:34:27

So I think that Congress has acted to kind of preclude this type of thing. The court would have to find a special -- I think have to make a special order.

Also, you know, there's a lot of Rule 17 litigation, I think we have had some in this case, that the government has kind of been on the sidelines for about using subpoenas for a discovery device and using it to obtain discovery, which is pretty much what this would be. I mean, they are using a subpoena to obtain materials that they want to review in anticipation of trial.

So I think that they would be precluded both under Rule 17 and under the Victims' Rights Act, 3771. And the Victims' Rights Act embodies the notion of preserving the dignity and privacy of victims. And so subpoenaing the personal Facebook records of the victims seems to me to run counter to that.

So I suspect that their -- I mean, we've -- given a little bit of time, I think we could probably lay it out better, but I think those are the two things that are going to be in tension with their request.

(Reporter interrupted.)

MR. SINHA: That will be in tension with their request.

MR. WEINERMAN: So, Judge, there's just a couple of things. And I don't have the statute or the rule in

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BT XXXXXXX is an adult now. He's -- I believe

front of me, so I may be wrong in what I am saying.

he's 18, and he may even be older. So I am not sure if he's considered a child for purposes of Rule 17 or the other provision, I think it's 3509. And, again, I may be wrong about that, but I remember reading 3509, and it defined victims in terms of someone who is 18 -- under the age of 18, I believe. I don't think that statute would protect him.

As far as Rule 17, I think we just brought it up here, so let me just read it to myself.

So, yes, counsel is correct. Rule 17(c)(3) requires us to get the court's permission if we were to subpoena the Facebook account ourselves and, I suspect, if we were to serve a subpoena on BT XXXXX through the government for a Facebook account.

Let me just step back and say we have thousands of pages of chats. The chats were unbelievable in length between BT XXXXXXX and other witnesses in this case, in which the subject of visas and extending visas came up, and potential benefits for being a witness for the government or cooperating in the investigation. That went on, again, from December 2013 to June of 2014.

So this is not a fishing expedition. There were many, many chats between BT XXXXXXX and the people from the 10:37:28

church who were going to testify; four, five, six of them; between BT XXXXXXX and other victims; in particular, SO XXXXXXX, PE XXXXXXXXXXXXX, and others.

So just the extent of those and the thought that they did not continue, particularly as trial was approaching, and that witnesses were talking to each other about the benefits that are provided under the United States law to being able to obtain legal status in the United States if you cooperated with the government in a child sex abuse case, you know, we believe that if the pattern that was demonstrated in the earlier chats which we have, it had to continue.

It's not going out on a limb. It's not a fishing expedition to believe that that continued past June 2014, maybe up to -- up to this very moment that, you know, the kids communicate on Facebook on a daily basis, some on an hourly basis.

So we believe that if that is happening, and we think it is, and the pattern would suggest from the past that it is going on, that we should be able to have those to be able to question the witnesses about the benefits that they either intend to obtain, apply for, or what their expectation is in terms of benefits for testifying for the government in this case.

MR. SINHA: Can I respond, Your Honor?

10:39:00 THE COURT: Yes. 1 2 MR. SINHA: Sure. So just as a starting point, 3 Your Honor, it seems to me that Rule 17(h), which precludes 4 a party from subpoenaing a statement of a witness or a 5 prospective witness pretty much explicitly precludes the 6 issuance of a subpoena under here because I think, as 7 Mr. Weinerman has described it, the thing that they are seeking is exactly that is statements of the witnesses and 8 9 statements of prospective witnesses. And Rule 17 isn't to be used for that. 10 11 THE COURT: What does (h) mean? I took that to mean that you are trying to subpoena an actual -- you are 12 13 trying to force the witness to give an actual statement. MR. SINHA: As opposed --14 15 THE COURT: As opposed to provide a statement, 16 which --

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MR. SINHA: Well, Your Honor, it seems to me that the reference to 26.2 -- 26.2, which off the top of my head I think is a reference to the *Jencks* Act prohibition, you know, the *Jencks* Act -- so, you know, the second sentence, Rule 26.2 governs the production of the statement, it seems to me the reference to the *Jencks* Act here, which deals with written statements, would perhaps say that it may be broader than that.

You know, so it seems to me the mechanism through

10:40:19

which these statements are obtained by defense counsel is that if they are in the government's possession, they are obtained under the *Jencks* Act, including 26.2.

Here, the statements are not within the government's possession, and, for a variety of reasons, we don't believe that a Rule 17 subpoena to subpoena them from the victim directly is appropriate, both because of the language of Rule 17 and because of the right embodied in 18 U.S.C. 3771(a)(8), which counsels that the victims be treated with fairness and respect for their dignity and privacy.

And I will note that that prohibition and in fact I think the prohibition of Rule 17 isn't limited to minor victims or isn't limited to victims while they are still minors.

MR. WEINERMAN: I guess I will say this:

Mr. Johnson is charged with some pretty serious offenses, and he's entitled to a fair trial and he's entitled to defend himself. And there is evidence out there -- I mean, it just cannot be that because the government doesn't have it that we can't obtain it so that he can produce evidence in his favor, compulsory process clause of the Sixth Amendment.

So there are ways to preserve the dignity of the victims. It -- a subpoena could be issued and returned to

10:42:02

25 THE CO

the court. It would be lengthy material. I am not going to -- you know, two, three years, four years of chats, that would be significant. But we really just realized yesterday that this -- this account was closed, the first account, and then the second account opened.

And it just seems to me that the benefits that a witness is seeking or expecting or obtaining as a result of testifying in a case, that that motive, that interest, that bias needs to be brought out if Mr. Johnson is going to have a fair trial and we believe there's evidence out there that would prove that that is what the witnesses in this case want and are seeking and expecting.

And there has to be a way for the defense to get that information even if the court has to intervene and the court has to look at it in -- before to make sure it is relevant.

But this is not a fishing expedition. That sort of evidence was in the prior account, and we believe it's in the new account that the witness obtained.

THE COURT: All right. So this is what I am going to suggest, then, is that the defense prepare a third party subpoena to Facebook for the records that you are seeking; that you give notice to this particular witness, BT XXXXX?

MR. SINHA: (Nodded affirmatively.)

THE COURT: BT XXXXX will then have an opportunity

10:43:32 to move to quash before any order is granted, and, if need 1 2 be, the court can appoint counsel for him if -- if, 3 obviously, the U.S. Attorney is not comfortable standing in 4 that position. 5 At the same time, the U.S. Attorney's Office can 6 file a brief as to how 17(h) plays into this. I am just not 7 convinced that (h) is so broad as to deny the defense the ability to subpoena anything in which his statements have 8 been made within the context of social media. But I 9 don't -- I don't know the history of that section or what 10 11 it's been applied to in the past. So nothing will happen without further order of 12 13 the court, but we might as well get that process in place where he's getting notice, you are applying for the order, 14 15 and we'll see what happens next by way of motion to quash. 16 MR. WEINERMAN: So the court wants us to issue a 17 subpoena for the information we will be talking about --18 THE COURT: Well, I think you are issuing a motion 19 for the court to allow you to issue a subpoena. 20 MR. WEINERMAN: Okay. So the court wants a 21 motion. 22 THE COURT: And then that motion has to be served 23 on BT XXXXX so that he has notice under Rule 17 so that he 24 can object.

MR. WEINERMAN:

I assume the government will

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10:44:55
              accept service on his behalf?
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                        MR. SINHA: Sure. Sure. Yes, we will, Your
          3
              Honor.
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                        THE COURT:
                                    Okay.
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                        MR. SINHA: I guess if I may just raise one
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              concern.
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                        I don't -- I don't know, but I don't believe that
              Facebook will provide content information, which is what
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              they are asking for, pursuant to a subpoena.
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                         I know we have a right to subpoena them ourselves,
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              the government, under the Electronic Privacy Communications
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              Act, and they just won't give us stuff without a search
         13
              warrant.
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                        So I am not sure if the subpoena, even if it's
              granted, is the -- I don't know if that's the correct avenue
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         16
              or not, but I am at least raising it so that we can look
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              into it.
                                        So what I am hearing is we would
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                        MR. WEINERMAN:
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              have to subpoena that information through BT XXXXXXX is what
              I am hearing. That Facebook -- it is indeed true that
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              Facebook would not honor the subpoena.
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                        THE COURT: So what I would do is prepare a motion
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              to allow for an order subpoenaing BT XXXXX to bring in these
                        That will be served on him. He will have notice.
         24
              records.
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              He can move to quash. The government can certainly move
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10:46:18
              under (h) to not allow the order to go through.
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                        MR. SINHA: And, Your Honor, just by
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          3
              clarification, I suspect the government will end up standing
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              in the shoes of BT XXXXX, which we are allowed to under the
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              Victim Rights Act.
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                         Is it okay if we -- we'd like, probably, to brief
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              other aspects of this as well.
                        THE COURT: Right.
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                        MR. SINHA: Okay.
                        THE COURT: That's what I am expecting in a motion
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         11
              to quash.
                        MS. MAXFIELD: Your Honor, can I ask one
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              additional with respect to content?
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                         The Facebook chats that we have for BT XXXXX, he
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              has been kind of selective as to where they begin and where
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              they end, especially with respect to conversations that he's
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              had with my client.
                        We would -- we would like to add to that subpoena
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         19
              a request that BT XXXXX produce the entire conversation
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              where he's given us partial conversations, and we can
              identify them, but to ask him to give us what he cut off in
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         22
              the first production.
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                        MR. SWEET: Your Honor, I think we are going to
              object to that as strongly as we object to the other part.
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                        And I will say, I mean, I don't know that there's
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10:47:28 anything to show that he cut them off as opposed to he 1 provided us what he may have just had, and I believe it was 2 3 a download of his Facebook account is what we received and 4 what we provided. 5 So I don't think we can say that anything was cut 6 off. It may not be complete just by what is saved or not 7 saved, and I think we had the same issue with Mr. Johnson's potential, you know, Facebook account that we got through a 8 search warrant. Sometimes things get deleted or -- so, but 9 I think we'll oppose all of that on the same grounds. 10 11 THE COURT: The government has given you what they have, right? And if you want to, again, move for an order 12 13 that he produce more, I can't prevent you from moving for that. We'll have to take it up once he's served and make a 14 15 determination. 16 But I think we may want to at least ask him first 17 if there was more content that he did not disclose involving 18 those conversations. 19 All right. Anything else for the government? 20 MR. SWEET: Nothing. MR. SINHA: Nothing, Your Honor. 21 22 THE COURT: Okay. Any questions at all about 23 Friday? And the idea is we will all be here, including 24

Mr. Johnson, in street clothes when all the jurors come up.

We'll do general introductions, kind of tell them a little 10:48:47 1 bit about the case, the timing, what the expectations are. 2 3 And then, you know, what I will probably do is --4 Char, do we have a witness list? 5 THE CLERK: Pardon me? 6 THE COURT: Do we have a witness list? 7 THE CLERK: They filed witness lists. THE COURT: Okay. I may just ask, rather than me 8 9 struggle through the names of all the victims or all the witnesses, ask each side if they would read out the names of 10 11 any potential witness. The more important ones are if there 12 is anybody here locally, I think, so the jury could hear 13 those names. And then I will ask the defense if there's any 14 15 additional witnesses they might be calling. But then 16 everybody is going to go back down to the jury assembly 17 room, fill out the questionnaires, their picture will be taken, put on the questionnaires so we can remember them a 18 19 little better, and then my staff will make copies for each 20 side to pick up on Friday afternoon. I expect Monday the only thing we will be doing is 21 22 picking a jury. 23 MR. SWEET: Your Honor, in terms of exhibits, I 24 know that Your Honor said that there was something in this

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courtroom at noon.

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Would there be time after they leave and go down
10:50:14
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              to do the jury questionnaires to discuss that?
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                        THE COURT: Right after that there will be a group
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              of students doing a mock trial in here. So it would be --
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                        MR. SWEET:
                                    Too close.
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                        THE COURT: -- probably after lunch.
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                        Also, earlier I had asked if we could take the
              Monday after Mother's Day off. It turns out my mom doesn't
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              want me visiting that day, so we do not have to take that
                        I expect we'll go ahead and utilize that Monday.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: So we are back to starting the
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              defense case on May the 14th?
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                        THE COURT: Yes.
                        MR. SINHA: Your Honor, about that, may I ask, if
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              the government's case is going quickly and we feel like
              there's going to be a gap between the government's case and
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              the defense case, just in terms of scheduling our witnesses,
              is it -- if we run out of witnesses on Wednesday but we
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              think there's going to be adequate time before the defense
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              case starts on the 14th, can we ask the court to end early
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              or something like that?
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                        THE COURT: I am pretty flexible on that.
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                        MR. SINHA:
                                    Okay.
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                        THE COURT: I mean, I don't want to waste a whole
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              afternoon, but if we have to end early because of
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10:51:21
              scheduling, we can do that.
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                        MR. SINHA: And one other question.
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                        The court said that we would appear with
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              Mr. Johnson in street clothes on Friday. Will all of us be
              in street clothes or will just Mr. Johnson be in street
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          6
              clothes?
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                        THE COURT: I am not sure if I --
                        MR. SINHA: Do you want this to be informal for
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              the jury questionnaire or --
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                        THE COURT: Oh, yeah. I mean, I just don't want
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              him in his prison clothes.
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                        MR. SINHA: Okay.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: If he wants to wear casual
              clothes, we won't object.
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                        MR. SINHA: All right.
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                        THE COURT: All right. Anything else?
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                        MR. SWEET: No, Your Honor.
                        MR. WEINERMAN: No, Judge. Thanks.
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                        THE COURT: We'll see everybody on Friday.
                        THE CLERK: Judge.
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         21
                        THE COURT: Yeah.
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                        THE CLERK: Are we going to have voir dire
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              reported?
                        THE COURT: Do either sides want to have voir dire
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         25
              recorded?
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10:52:07
                        MR. SWEET: Yes, Your Honor.
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                        THE COURT: All right. Yes.
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                        MR. ALLNATT: Then the preliminary jury
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              instructions were e-mailed out yesterday.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: I am sorry. I just learned that,
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              and I should have recalled this, that we are only authorized
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              to pay for testimony, I think, arguments, opening statement
              but not voir dire, and we have an agreement here we have
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              taken some time to hammer out where the parties are sharing
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              the costs, so we can't agree to the voir dire. I am not
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              authorized to pay for the voir dire.
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                        Yes.
         13
                                (The reporter commented.)
                        MR. WEINERMAN: So we are not transcribing.
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                                                                      So
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              there's no additional cost if you are recording it?
         16
                             (Reporter nodded affirmatively.)
         17
                        MR. WEINERMAN:
                                         Then I am fine with that, Judge.
                        THE COURT: If there's anymore logistical
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              questions, just please e-mail as a group to me and I will
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              get back to you.
         21
                        And if you need any technical assistance before
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              trial starts, how to use the monitor, the computer hookup,
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              Ms. Pew can walk you through all that.
                        THE CLERK: What time Friday, Judge, do you want
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         25
              to meet here?
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10:53:32
                        THE COURT: 9:00?
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          2
                        THE CLERK: I mean after in the afternoon.
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                        THE COURT: Probably 1:30.
          4
                        THE CLERK: 1:30. Okay.
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                        MR. WEINERMAN: Can I ask, and I would -- this
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              question is for Ms. Anderson, but she shouldn't be talking.
          7
              She should be reporting. Could we find out when the
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              transcript of today's proceedings are going to be available?
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                                (The reporter commented.)
         10
                        MS. MAXFIELD: Give me the cost estimate. I think
         11
              we probably need to do this through CJA.
         12
                        MR. WEINERMAN: You can just send it to me and I
         13
              will get it to Ms. Maxfield. So either way.
         14
                        Thank you.
                        THE COURT: All right. We can go off the record.
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         16
                        (The proceedings were concluded this
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                        24th day of April, 2018.)
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I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and
10:54:21
           1
           2
               correct transcript of the oral proceedings had in the
           3
               above-entitled matter, to the best of my skill and ability,
               dated this 25th day of April, 2018.
           4
           5
               /s/Kristi L. Anderson
           б
               Kristi L. Anderson, Certified Realtime Reporter
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